



Synthesis and Crystal Structure of the Mononuclear Nickel Complex $[\text{Me}_2\text{CHN}(\text{PPh}_2)_2]\text{Ni}(\text{SCH}_2\text{Ph})_2$

Wei Gao, Lin-lin Zhu, Xu-feng Liu & Jing Yan

To cite this article: Wei Gao, Lin-lin Zhu, Xu-feng Liu & Jing Yan (2015) Synthesis and Crystal Structure of the Mononuclear Nickel Complex $[\text{Me}_2\text{CHN}(\text{PPh}_2)_2]\text{Ni}(\text{SCH}_2\text{Ph})_2$, Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals, 623:1, 398-403, DOI: [10.1080/15421406.2015.1036515](https://doi.org/10.1080/15421406.2015.1036515)

To link to this article: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/15421406.2015.1036515>



Published online: 21 Dec 2015.



Submit your article to this journal [↗](#)



Article views: 4



View related articles [↗](#)



View Crossmark data [↗](#)

Synthesis and Crystal Structure of the Mononuclear Nickel Complex $[Me_2CHN(PPh_2)_2]Ni(SCH_2Ph)_2$

WEI GAO,¹ LIN-LIN ZHU,¹ XU-FENG LIU,^{2,*} AND JING YAN³

¹School of Pharmacy, Henan University of Traditional Chinese Medicine, Zhengzhou, China

²Department of Chemical Engineering, Ningbo University of Technology, Ningbo, China

³School of Science, Tianjin University, Tianjin, China

The mononuclear nickel complex $[Me_2CHN(PPh_2)_2]Ni(SCH_2Ph)_2$ has been synthesized by the reaction of $[Me_2CHN(PPh_2)_2]NiCl_2$ with $PhCH_2SH$ and Et_3N in CH_2Cl_2 in 77% yield. The title complex was structurally characterized by 1H NMR, $^{31}P\{^1H\}$ NMR spectroscopy as well as X-ray crystallography. The X-ray diffraction analysis reveals that the molecular structure consists of a central nickel atom coordinated by two phosphorus atoms of the bis(diphenylphosphanyl)amine and two sulfur atoms of benzylthiolate. There are no classical hydrogen bonds but van der Waals' interactions exist to stabilize the solid state in the crystal packing.

Keywords Crystal structure; diphosphine ligand; mononuclear nickel; synthesis

Introduction

Bis(diphenylphosphanyl)amine $RN(PPh_2)_2$ have been widely utilized by synthetic chemists over past decades in coordination chemistry and inorganic chemistry because of their unique structures and novel properties.[1–5] Our recent published work reported a series of the mononuclear nickel complex with chelating bis(diphenylphosphanyl)amine and ethanedithiolate or propanedithiolate were successfully prepared and structurally characterized by spectroscopy and X-ray analysis.[6, 7] As a continuation of our studies on nickel complex, we have synthesized a new nickel complex by the condensation reaction. Herein, we present the synthesis and structural characterization of the mononuclear nickel complex $[Me_2CHN(PPh_2)_2]Ni(SCH_2Ph)_2$.

Experimental

Synthesis of the Title Complex

To a solution of $[Me_2CHN(PPh_2)_2]NiCl_2$ (0.1 mmol) and $PhCH_2SH$ (0.2 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (15 mL) was added Et_3N (0.2 mmol) and the new mixture was stirred for 1 hr at room temperature. The solution was washed with H_2O to remove Et_3NHCl and then removal of

*Address correspondence to Xu-Feng Liu, Department of Chemical Engineering, Ningbo University of Technology, Ningbo 315016, China. E-mail: nkxfliu@126.com

Table 1. Crystal data and structure refinements details for the title complex

Empirical formula	C ₄₁ H ₄₁ NNiP ₂ S ₂
Formula weight	732.52
Temperature (K)	113(2)
Wavelength (Å)	0.71073
Crystal system	Monoclinic
Space group	P2(1)/n
<i>a</i> (Å)	10.542(2)
<i>b</i> (Å)	28.491(6)
<i>c</i> (Å)	12.972(3)
α (°)	90
β (°)	110.21(3)
γ (°)	90
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	3656.1(13)
<i>Z</i>	4
<i>D</i> _{calc} (g·cm ^{−3})	1.331
μ (mm ^{−1})	0.763
<i>F</i> (000)	1536
Crystal size (mm ³)	0.20 × 0.18 × 0.12
θ_{\min} , θ_{\max} (°)	1.43, 25.02
Reflections collected/unique	27,585/6447
<i>R</i> _{int}	0.1445
<i>hkl</i> range	−12 ≤ <i>h</i> ≤ 12 −28 ≤ <i>k</i> ≤ 33 −15 ≤ <i>l</i> ≤ 15
Completeness to θ_{\max} (%)	99.8
Data/restraints/parameters	6447/230/455
Goodness of fit on <i>F</i> ²	1.106
<i>R</i> 1/ <i>wR</i> 2 [<i>I</i> > 2σ(<i>I</i>)]	0.1244/0.2612
<i>R</i> 1/ <i>wR</i> 2 (all data)	0.1827/0.2982
Largest diff peak and hole/e Å ^{−3}	0.662/−0.659

the solvent afforded 0.056 g (77%) of the title complex as a black solid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.07 (*q*, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 8H, *o*-PPhH), 7.52 (*t*, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H, *p*-PPhH), 7.45 (*t*, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 8H, *m*-PPhH), 7.09 (*d*, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 4H, *o*-PhH), 7.03 (*t*, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H, *m*-PhH), 6.97 (*t*, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H, *p*-PhH), 3.36 (*s*, 4H, 2SCH₂), 3.39–3.29 (*m*, 1H, NCH), and 0.55 [*d*, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H, NCH(CH₃)₂] ppm. ³¹P{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃, 85% H₃PO₄): 56.57 (*s*) ppm.

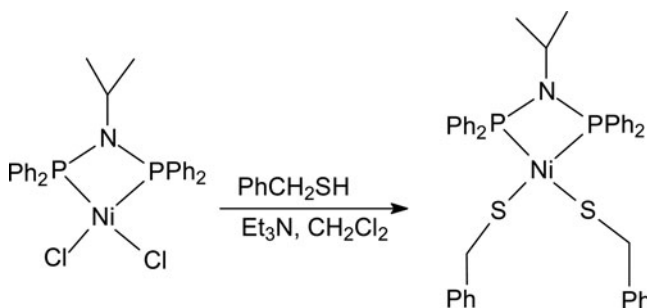
X-Ray Structure Determination

Single crystals of the title complex suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis were grown by slow evaporation of CH₂Cl₂/hexane solutions at 4°C. A single crystal of the title complex was mounted on a Rigaku MM-007 CCD diffractometer. Data were collected at 113 K by using a graphite monochromator with MoK α radiation (λ = 0.71073 Å) in the

ω - ϕ scanning mode. Data collection, reduction, and absorption correction were performed by *CRYSTALCLEAR* program.[8] The structure was solved by direct methods using the *SHELXS-97* program[9] and refined by full-matrix least-squares techniques *SHELXL-97*[10] on F^2 . Hydrogen atoms were located using the geometric method. Details of crystal data, data collections, and structure refinement are summarized in Table 1.

Results and Discussion

The synthetic strategy for the title complex was shown in Scheme 1. That is, treatment of the nickel dichloride complex $[\text{Me}_2\text{CHN}(\text{PPh}_2)_2]\text{NiCl}_2$ and two equivalents of PhCH_2SH with Et_3N resulted in the formation of the title complex in 77% yield. The title complex is air-stable red solid and soluble in CH_2Cl_2 , which has been characterized by ^1H NMR and $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectroscopy.



Scheme 1. Synthesis of the title complex.

The ^1H NMR spectra showed a quadruplet at δ 8.07 ppm and two triplets at δ 7.52 ppm and δ 7.45 ppm for the phenyl protons of the diphenylphosphanyl groups and a doublet at δ 7.09 ppm and two triplet at δ 7.03 ppm and δ 6.97 ppm for the phenyl protons of the benzyl groups. The $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectra displayed a singlet at δ 56.57 ppm, consistent with the corresponding values of the coordinated diphosphine ligands,[11–13] for the two phosphorus atoms of $\text{Me}_2\text{CHN}(\text{PPh}_2)_2$ chelated to the nickel atom.

The molecular structure of the title complex has been determined by single crystal X-ray diffraction analysis. While the ORTEP and packing views are shown in Figs. 1 and 2, the selected bond lengths and angles are presented in Table 2, respectively. The title complex crystallizes in monoclinic space group $\text{P}2(1)/n$ with four molecules in the unit cell and one molecule in the asymmetric unit. As shown in Fig. 1, the molecular structure consists of a distorted square-planar nickel coordinated with two phosphorus atom of $\text{Me}_2\text{CHN}(\text{PPh}_2)_2$ and two sulfur atoms of benzylthiolate. The plan Ni1P1N1P2 is almost coplanar with the mean deviation of 0.0025 Å. The dihedral angle between the plans Ni1P1N1P2 and Ni1S1S2 is 179.5° . It should be noted that the sum of the bond angle around Ni1 atom is 360.01° , indicating the coplanar property of the Ni1, P1, P2, S1, and S2 atoms. The bond lengths [$\text{Ni}(1)\text{--P}(1) = 2.141(3)$ Å, $\text{Ni}(1)\text{--S}(1) = 2.179(3)$ Å, $\text{P}(1)\text{--N}(1) = 1.703(7)$ Å, $\text{S}(1)\text{--C}(1) = 1.862(10)$ Å] and the bond angles [$\text{P}(1)\text{--Ni}(1)\text{--P}(2) = 73.54(10)^\circ$, $\text{S}(1)\text{--Ni}(1)\text{--S}(2) = 94.76(11)^\circ$, $\text{P}(1)\text{--N}(1)\text{--P}(2) = 97.6(3)^\circ$] are consistent with other compounds. [14–18]

As shown in Fig. 2, the crystal packing diagram shows van der Waals' interactions stabilize the solid state of the title complex.

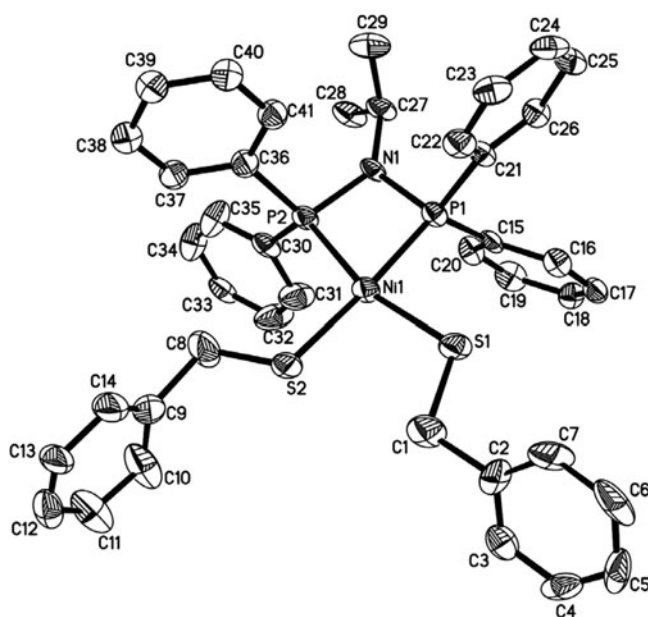


Figure 1. ORTEP view of the title complex with 30% probability level ellipsoids.

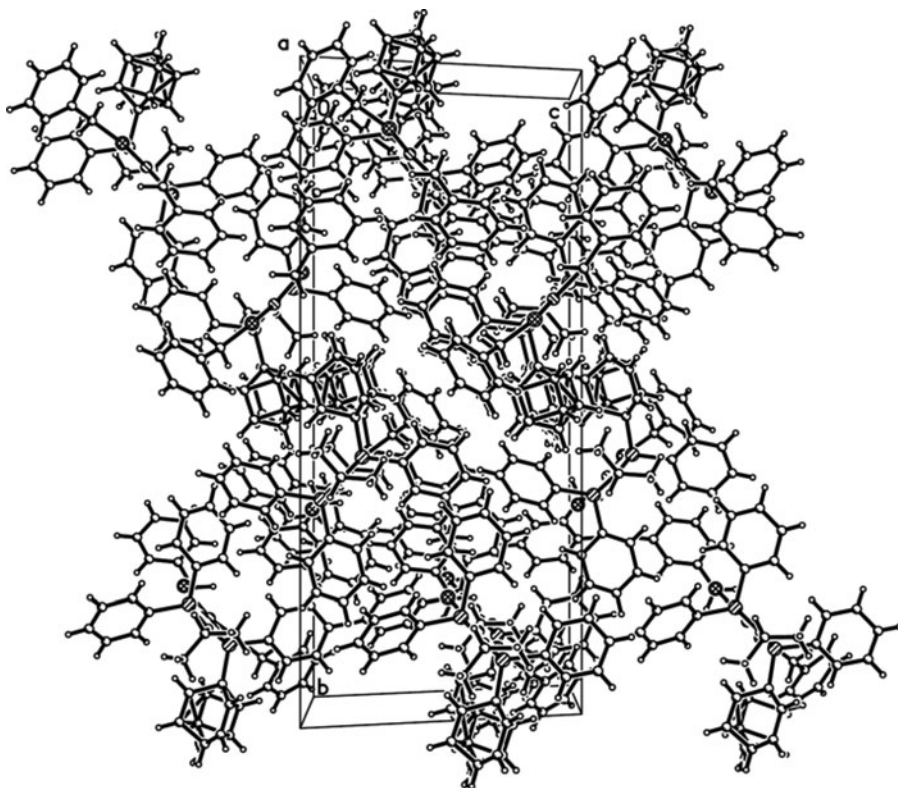


Figure 2. Crystal packing diagram of the title complex.

Table 2. Selected bond lengths (Å) and angles (°) for the title complex

Ni(1)–P(1)	2.141(3)	Ni(1)–P(2)	2.164(3)
Ni(1)–S(1)	2.179(3)	Ni(1)–S(2)	2.181(3)
P(1)–N(1)	1.703(7)	P(2)–N(1)	1.722(7)
S(1)–C(1)	1.862(10)	S(2)–C(8)	1.825(14)
N(1)–C(27)	1.489(10)	C(1)–C(2)	1.523(14)
P(1)–Ni(1)–P(2)	73.54(10)	P(1)–Ni(1)–S(1)	89.60(11)
P(2)–Ni(1)–S(1)	163.13(11)	P(1)–Ni(1)–S(2)	175.63(11)
P(2)–Ni(1)–S(2)	102.11(11)	S(1)–Ni(1)–S(2)	94.76(11)
N(1)–P(1)–Ni(1)	95.1(2)	N(1)–P(2)–Ni(1)	93.7(3)
C(27)–N(1)–P(1)	127.7(6)	C(27)–N(1)–P(2)	134.6(6)
P(1)–N(1)–P(2)	97.6(3)	C(1)–S(1)–Ni(1)	111.2(4)

Conclusion

In summary, the title complex $[\text{Me}_2\text{CHN}(\text{PPh}_2)_2]\text{Ni}(\text{SCH}_2\text{Ph})_2$ has been successfully prepared and structurally characterized by X-ray crystallography.

Acknowledgments

We are grateful to the National Natural Science Foundation of China (Grant No. 21202115), The Research Fund for the Doctoral Program of Higher Education (Grant No. 20100032120070), and Tianjin Research Program of Application Foundation and Advanced Technology (Grant No. 13JCQNJC06100). The authors gratefully acknowledge the support of K. C. Wong Education Foundation.

Supplemental Data

CCDC 1041540 contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this article. These data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Center via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.

References

- [1] Luo, L. J., Liu, X. F., & Gao, H. Q. (2013). *J. Coord. Chem.*, 66, 1077.
- [2] Liu, X. F., Chen, M. Y., & Gao, H. Q. (2014). *J. Coord. Chem.*, 67, 57.
- [3] Liu, X. F., & Li, X. (2014). *J. Coord. Chem.*, 67, 3226.
- [4] Ghosh, S. et al. (2013). *Dalton Trans.*, 42, 6775.
- [5] Sun, Z., Zhu, F., Wu, Q., & Lin, S. (2006). *Appl. Organometal. Chem.*, 20, 175.
- [6] Liu, X. F. (2014). *Inorg. Chim. Acta*, 421, 10.
- [7] Liu, X. F., Li, X., & Yan, J. (2015). *Polyhedron*, 85, 482.
- [8] *CRYSTALCLEAR 1.3.6*. Rigaku and Rigaku/MSC. The Woodlands, TX, 2005.
- [9] Sheldrick, G. M. (1997). *SHELXS97, A Program for Crystal Structure Solution*; University of Göttingen: Germany.
- [10] Sheldrick, G. M. (1997). *SHELXL97, A Program for Crystal Structure Refinement*; University of Göttingen: Germany.
- [11] Li, C. G., Xue, F., Cui, M. J., Shang, J. Y., & Lou, T. J. (2015). *Transition Met. Chem.*, 40, 47.
- [12] Liu, X. F., Jiang, Z. Q., & Jia, Z. J. (2012). *Polyhedron*, 33, 166.

- [13] Li, C. G., Zhu, Y., Jiao, X. X., & Fu, X. Q. (2014). *Polyhedron*, 67, 416.
- [14] Liu, X. F., Yu, X. Y., & Gao, H. Q. (2014). *Mol. Cryst. Liq. Cryst.*, 592, 229.
- [15] Chen, M. Y., Liu, X. F., Yu, X. Y., & Gao, H. Q. (2014). *Mol. Cryst. Liq. Cryst.*, 605, 119.
- [16] Liu, X. F., & Gao, H. Q. (2013). *Polyhedron*, 65, 1.
- [17] Liu, X. F. (2014). *Polyhedron*, 72, 66.
- [18] Liu, X. F., & Gao, H. Q. (2014). *J. Clust. Sci.*, 25, 367.